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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/630,535	07/29/2003	Wei Huang	490102001500	9253
25226 MORRISON &	7590 12/20/2006 z FOERSTER LLP		EXAM	INER
755 PAGE MII	LL RD		EXAMINER MALKOWSKI, KENNETH J ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	, KENNETH J
PALO ALTO,	CA 94304-1018		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	-			
	10/630,535	HUANG ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Kenneth J. Malkowski	2613				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by static Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNION (1.136(a). In no event, however, may a red will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON oute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. pply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communicati ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		•				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Th 3) Since this application is in condition for allow	nis action is non-final.	ers prosecution as to the merits	is.			
closed in accordance with the practice under			13			
•						
Disposition of Claims	.:					
4) Claim(s) is/are pending in the application of th						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	awii iloiii consideration.	•				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5,7-14 and 16-24</u> is/are rejected.		•				
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>6 and 15</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	l/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	ner					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>04 October 2006</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ection is required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121	(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreignal ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		119(a)-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
_ , , , ,	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
• •	* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
		·				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)				
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:					

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-5, 7-14 and 16-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicants Admitted Prior Art (hereinafter AAPA) in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,351,183 to Khabbaz et al.

With respect to claims 1-2 and 12-14, AAPA discloses an optical receiver (figure 1)(page 3 paragraph 8 (receiver that receives light from a fiber using a photodetector)) comprising: a photosensitive device (D1, Fig 1)(page 3 paragraph 8 (phototransistor or photodiode)); and a plurality of series-connected amplifier stages coupled to the photosensitive device (A1-A4, Fig 1)(page 3 paragraph 8 (a series of amplifier stages)); wherein a first of the amplifier stages includes an amplifier (20, Fig 1) series-connected to an attenuator (P1, Fig 1), and a second of the amplifier stages includes: a second amplifier (A2, Fig 1); a second attenuator (P2, Fig 1); a third amplifier (A3, Fig 1); a third attenuator (P3, Fig 1). However AAPA fails to disclose a switch coupling one of the second and third amplifier or the second and third attenuator between the first and second amplifier stages and an output terminal of the optical receiver. Khabbaz, from the same field of endeavor also discloses an optical receiver (column 1 lines 35-38 (telecommunications receiver has a bypass mode and an amplification mode)(Figure 1) with a switch (3, Figure 1) coupling either one of an amplifier (6, Figure 1) or an attenuator (5, Figure

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1) is well known in the art (column 1 lines 35-45). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to implement switch able amplification system as taught by Khabbaz in place of the second and third amplification stages as disclosed by AAPA. The motivation for doing so would have been to achieve a high degree of linearity over a large dynamic range (Khabbaz: column 1 lines 33-34) as well as low noise qualities (Khabbaz: column 1 lines 53-54).

With respect to claim 3, AAPA in view of Khabbaz disclose the receiver of claim 1, further comprising a control circuit (AAPA: 36, Fig 1) coupled to a control terminal of each of the switches (second and third leads of control circuit 36 disclosed in AAPA are connected to switching mechanism as taught by Khabbaz (3, Fig 1).

With respect to claim 4, AAPA in view of Khabbaz disclose the receiver of claim 3, wherein the control circuit (AAPA: 36, Fig 1) has an input terminal coupled to the photosensitive device (AAPA: D1, Fig 1).

With respect to claims 5 and 20, AAPA in view of Khabbaz disclose the receiver of claim 3, wherein the control circuit controls the switches responsive to the optical power received by the photosensitive device (AAPA: page 4 paragraph 9 (control terminal 36 senses the level of output power from photodetector DA)).

With respect to claims 7 and 16, AAPA in view of Khabbaz disclose the receiver of claim 1, wherein the photosensitive device is one of a photodiode or phototransistor (AAPA: page 4 paragraph 9 (control circuit senses the level of output power from photodiode D1)).

With respect to claims 8 and 17, AAPA in view of Khabbaz disclose the receiver of claim 1, further comprising an inductance (AAPA: page 3 paragraph 9 (transformer)) connected

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between the photosensitive device (AAPA: D1, Fig 1) and the first amplifier stage (AAPA: A1, Fig 1).

With respect to claims 9 and 18, AAPA in view of Khabbaz disclose the receiver of claim 3, wherein the control circuit controls the switches to provide a maximum power to noise ratio for the optical receiver at any level of output power of the photosensitive device. On page 2, paragraph 5-6 applicant states that dynamic range is the difference between input and output power points at which the NPR is identical and that an increase in dynamic range leads to an increase in NPR. The invention as disclosed by Khabbaz is specifically devoted to maximizing dynamic range of the receiver by switching between two modes for low and high power (column 1 lines 26-33 (switching between a bypass mode and an amplifying mode receiver enables signals to be received over a large dynamic range)). This is the same approach used by the applicant in the claimed invention (pages 2-3 paragraph 7 (at very low and very high optical power, the receivers NPR dominates the systems NPR...what remains is the gain and attenuation approach to obtain optimum performance for both high and low power conditions)).

With respect to claims 10 and 19, AAPA in view of Khabbaz disclose the receiver of claim 1, wherein the second attenuator is a fixed attenuator (Khabbaz: column 1 lines 43-44 (fixed or variable attenuation stage)).

With respect to claim 11, AAPA in view of Khabbaz disclose the receiver of claim 1, wherein an RF signal is provided at the output terminal of the optical receiver (AAPA: Fig 1 (RF output shown exiting the final amplifier A4)).

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With respect to claim 21, AAPA in view of Khabbaz disclose the method of claim 12, further comprising the act of applying an analog optical signal to the photodetector (AAPA: page 3 paragraph 8 (Therefore, in analog systems in order to support large power variations of he gain portions for an optical receiver, matched attenuators are connected between the RF amplifier stages, see Figure 1)).

With respect to claim 22, AAPA in view of Khabbaz disclose the method of claim 12, further comprising the act of amplifying the input signal from the photodetector prior to the act of coupling the input signal to either amplify or attenuate (AAPA: amplified at initial amplifier A1 in Figure 1 prior to control circuit applications).

With respect to claims 23-24, AAPA in view of Khabbaz disclose the receiver of claim 1, wherein the switch is a single pole double throw switch (Khabbaz: column 1 lines 38-39 (single pole double throw switches)(3, Figure 1) coupled to the photosensitive device (AAPA: D1, Figure 1), and further comprising a second single pole double throw switch coupling either one of the second amplifier or the second attenuator to the output terminal [(3, Figure 1) is implemented in both amplifier stages].

Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 6 and 15 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-24 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kenneth J. Malkowski whose telephone number is (571) 272-5505. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ken Vanderpuye can be reached on (571) 272-3078. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

KJM 12/17/06

KENNETH VANDERPUYE
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER